

Herzlich Willkommen bei Inf-Einf-B Woche 1.

Heute viel Input. Am besten schon vorab eine Waffel nehmen (solange Vorrat reicht).

Wenn es zu schnell geht, in Ruhe Shorts und Lecture Notes anschauen.

Kurs-Website mit Wochenplan, Videos, Notizen, Aufgaben, FAQ, uvm.: inf.zone

Die Vorlesungen werden aufgezeichnet und im Internet veröffentlicht. Die Videos werden allerdings meist erst 3 Wochen später online sein; Folien und Notizen am Tag nach der Vorlesung. Machen Sie sich Notizen!

Ihre Fragen sind in der Aufzeichnung in der Regel nicht zu hören (ich wiederhole sie).

Seien Sie furchtlos und stellen Sie Fragen!
“Publicly not knowing is valuable!”

Nutzen Sie die Zeit, bis es los geht! Stellen Sie sich mindestens zwei anderen Personen in Ihrer Nähe vor, die Sie noch nicht kennen! (Um das Eis zu brechen, sagen Sie einfach, dass Sie nur diese Anweisung befolgen.)

Wir machen heute keine Pause.

This is CS50

Dies ist Inf-Einf-B.

lernen zu programmieren in **Scratch**

lernen zu programmieren in C

lernen Probleme zu lösen

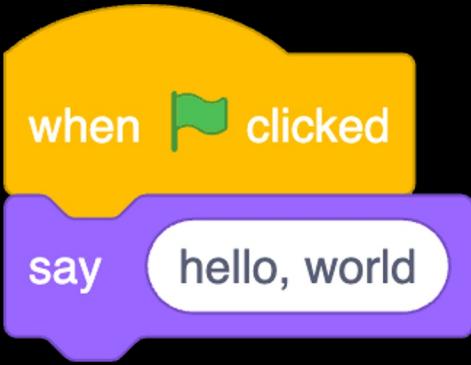
lernen Probleme zu lösen mit Funktionen

lernen Probleme zu lösen mit Variablen

lernen Probleme zu lösen mit Bedingungen

lernen Probleme zu lösen mit Schleifen

lernen Probleme zu lösen (und wie nicht)



```
#include <stdio.h>

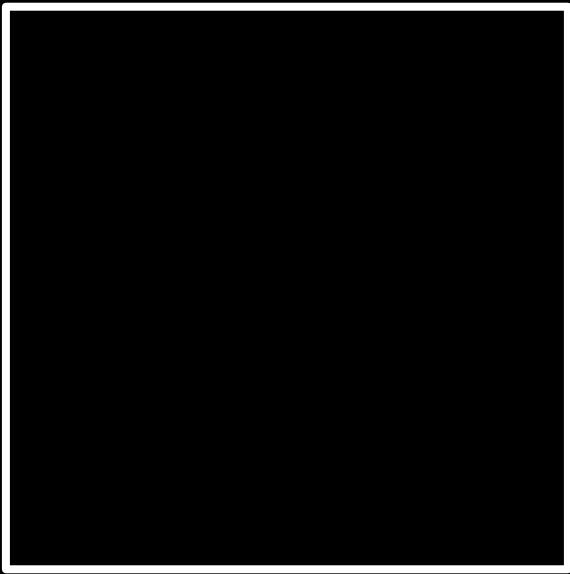
int main(void)
{
    printf("hello, world\n");
}
```

Sourcecode

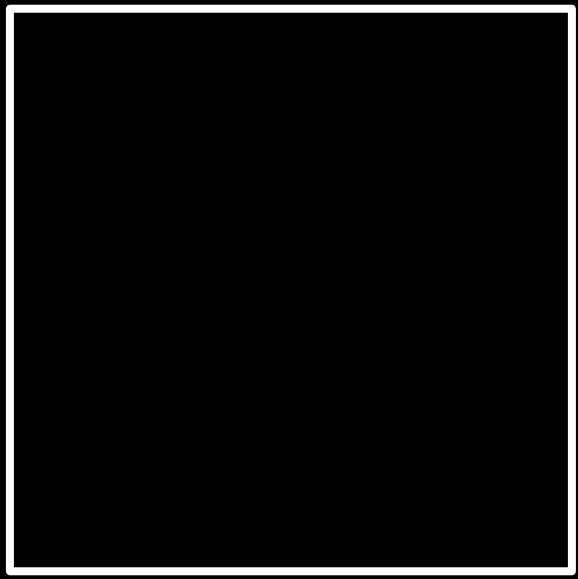
01111111 01000101 01001100 01000110 00000010 00000001 00000001 00000000
00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
00000010 00000000 00111110 00000000 00000001 00000000 00000000 00000000
10110000 00000101 01000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
01000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
11010000 00010011 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 01000000 00000000 00111000 00000000
00001001 00000000 01000000 00000000 00100100 00000000 00100001 00000000
00000110 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000101 00000000 00000000 00000000
01000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
01000000 00000000 01000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
01000000 00000000 01000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
11111000 00000001 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
11111000 00000001 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
00001000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
00000011 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000100 00000000 00000000 00000000
00111000 00000010 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
...

Maschinencode

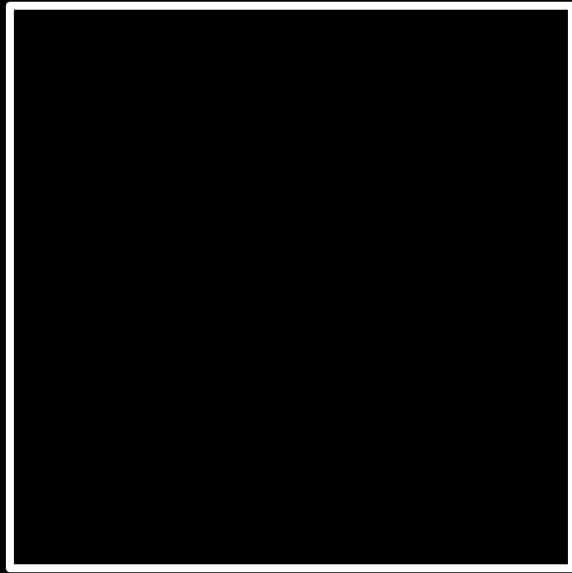
Eingabe →



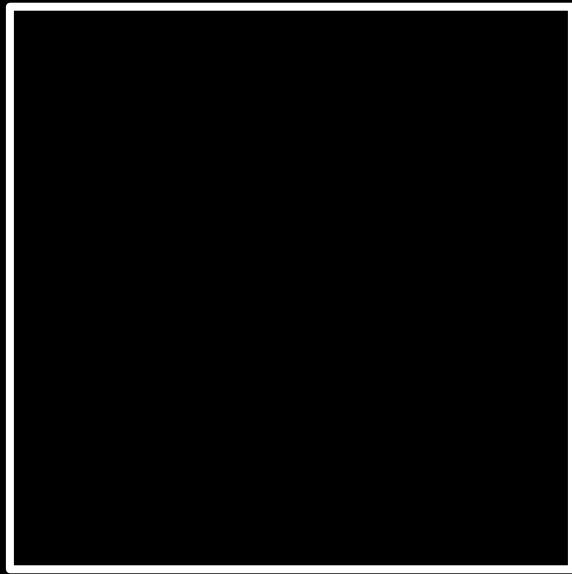
→ Ausgabe



Sourcecode →



Sourcecode →



→ Maschinencode

Sourcecode →

Compiler

→ Maschinencode

VS Code for CS50

<https://cs50.dev>



EXPLORER

...



...



HELLO [CODESPACES]

hello.c



...



> OUTLINE

> TIMELINE

hello.c X

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5     printf("hello, world\n");
6 }
```

TERMINAL

+ ✓ □ ✖ ⌂ ⌃ ×

\$ make hello█

EXPLORER

...

HELLO [CODESPACES]

hello.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5     printf("hello, world\n");
6 }
```

TERMINAL

+ ▾ □ ✖ ⌂ ⌃ ⌄

```
$ make hello
```



...



> OUTLINE

> TIMELINE

EXPLORER

...

...

▽ HELLO [CODESPACES]

hello.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5     printf("hello, world\n");
6 }
```

TERMINAL

+ ▾ □ ✖ ^ ×

```
$ make hello
```



...



> OUTLINE

> TIMELINE

The image shows the Visual Studio Code (VS Code) interface. On the left is the Explorer sidebar with various icons for files, folders, and other workspace components. The main area displays a code editor with a file named `hello.c` and a terminal window below it.

Code Editor:

- Title Bar:** EXPLORER ...
- File:** hello.c (highlighted)
- Content:**

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5     printf("hello, world\n");
6 }
```

Terminal:

- Title Bar:** TERMINAL
- Content:** \$ make hello



EXPLORER

...



...



HELLO [CODESPACES]

hello.c



...



hello.c



```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5     printf("hello, world\n");
6 }
```

TERMINAL

\$ make hello█

+ ▾ □ ✖ ⌂ ⌃ ×

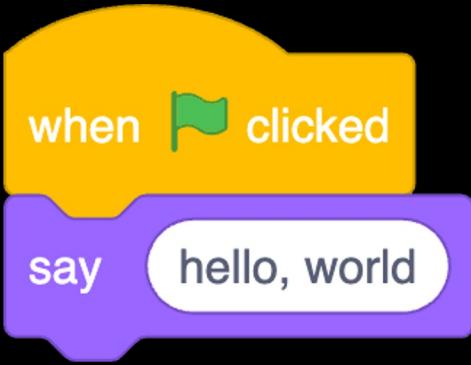
```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(void)
{
    printf("hello, world\n");
}
```

```
code hello.c
```

```
make hello
```

```
./hello
```

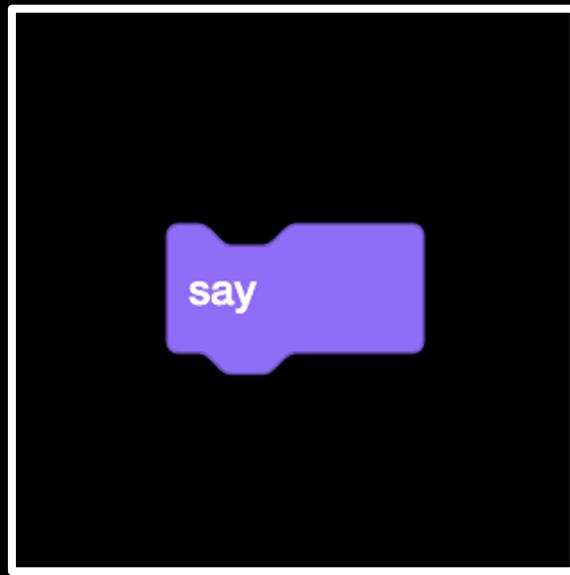


Argumente →

Funktion

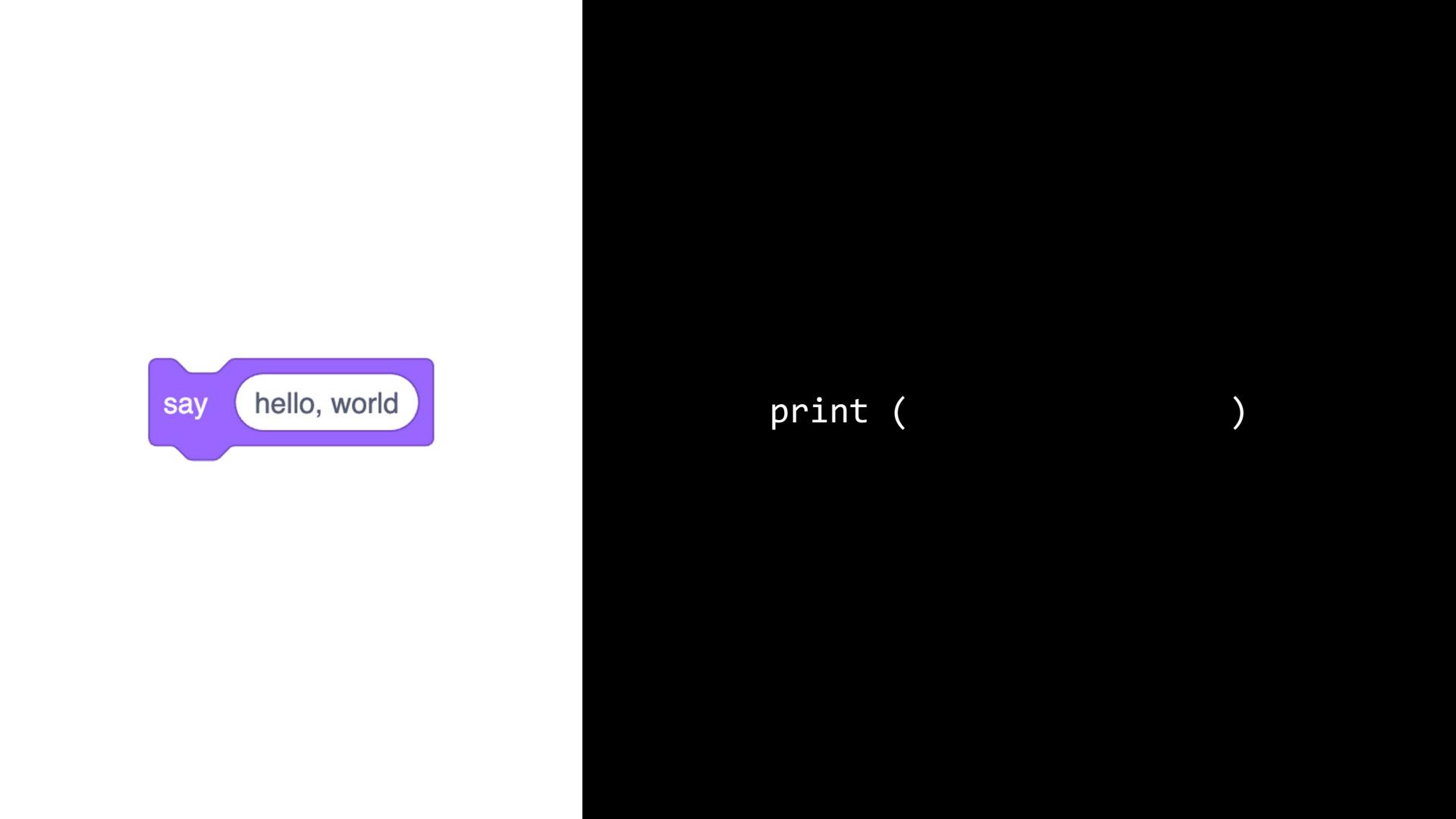
→ Seiteneffekte

hello, world



say

hello, world



say

hello, world

print ()



say

hello, world

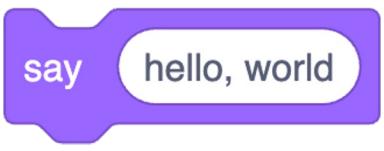
```
printf()
```



say

hello, world

```
printf( hello, world )
```



say

hello, world

```
printf("hello, world  ")
```



say

hello, world

```
printf("hello, world\n")
```



say

hello, world

```
printf("hello, world\n");
```

Escape-Sequenzen

Header-Dateien

Bibliotheken

Manual Pages

manual.cs50.io

stdio.h

manual.cs50.io/#stdio.h

manual.cs50.io/3/printf

cs50.h

manual.cs50.io/#cs50.h

get_char

get_double

get_float

get_int

get_long

get_string

...

get_char

get_double

get_float

get_int

get_long

get_string

...

when green flag clicked

ask What's your name? and wait

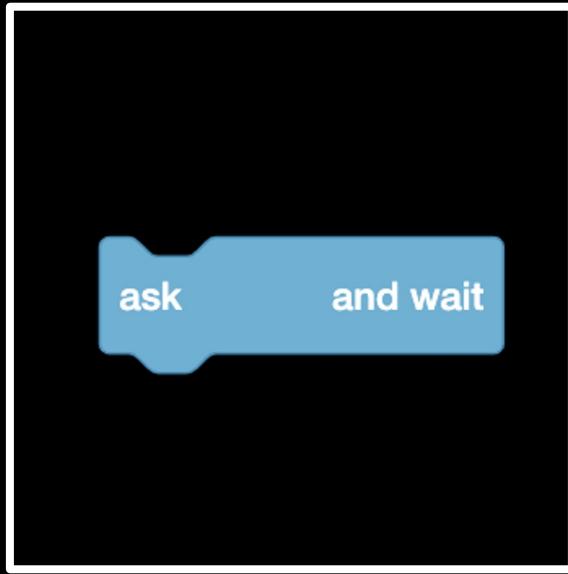
say join hello, answer

Argumente →

Funktion

→ Rückgabewert

What's your name?



answer

ask What's your name? and wait

answer

ask What's your name? and wait

answer

```
get_string()  
)
```

ask [What's your name?] and wait

answer

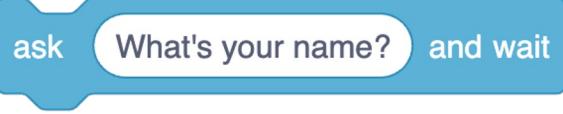
```
get_string( What's your name? )
```



```
ask [What's your name?] and wait
```

```
answer
```

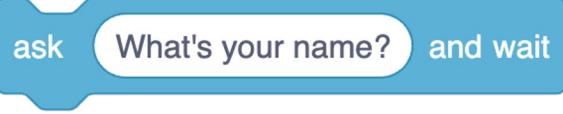
```
get_string("What's your name? ")
```



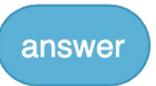
```
ask [What's your name?] and wait
```

```
answer
```

```
answer = get_string("What's your name? ")
```

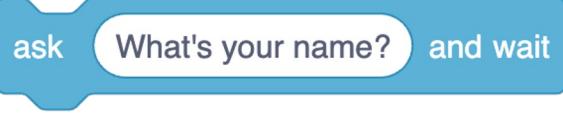


ask [What's your name?] and wait

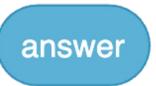


answer

```
string answer = get_string("What's your name? ")
```



```
ask [What's your name?] and wait
```



```
answer
```

```
string answer = get_string("What's your name? ");
```





```
printf( );
```



```
printf( hello, %s );
```



```
printf("hello, %s\n");
```



```
printf("hello, %s\n" );
```



```
printf("hello, %s\n", answer);
```

Datentypen

`bool`

`char`

`double`

`float`

`int`

`long`

`string`

`...`

`bool`

`char`

`double`

`float`

`int`

`long`

`string`

`...`

bool

char

double

float

int

long

string

...

get_char

get_double

get_float

get_int

get_long

get_string

...

get_char

get_double

get_float

get_int

get_long

get_string

...

Formatcodes

%c

%f

%i

%li

%s

%c

%f

%i

%li

%s

%c

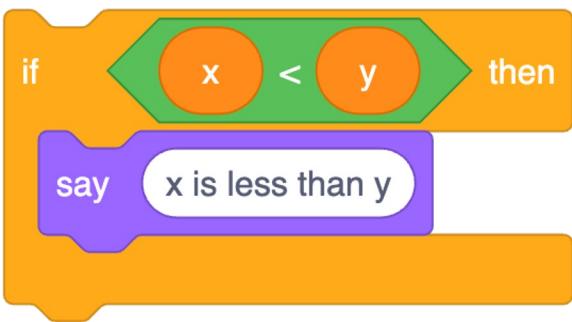
%f

%i

%li

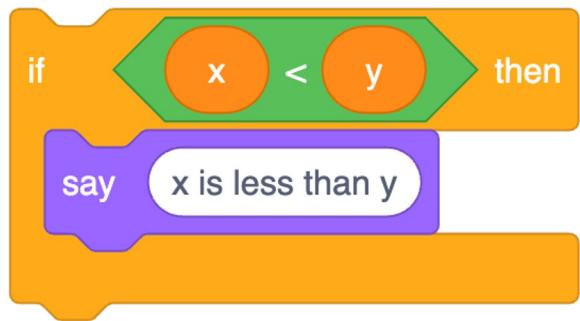
%s

Bedingte Anweisungen

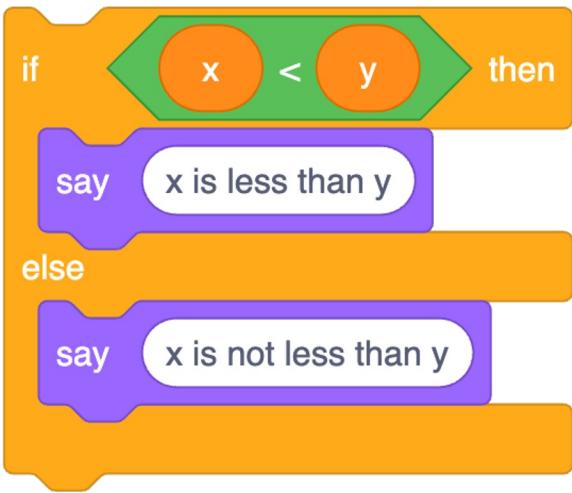




```
if (x < y)
{
}
```



```
if (x < y)
{
    printf("x is less than y\n");
}
```



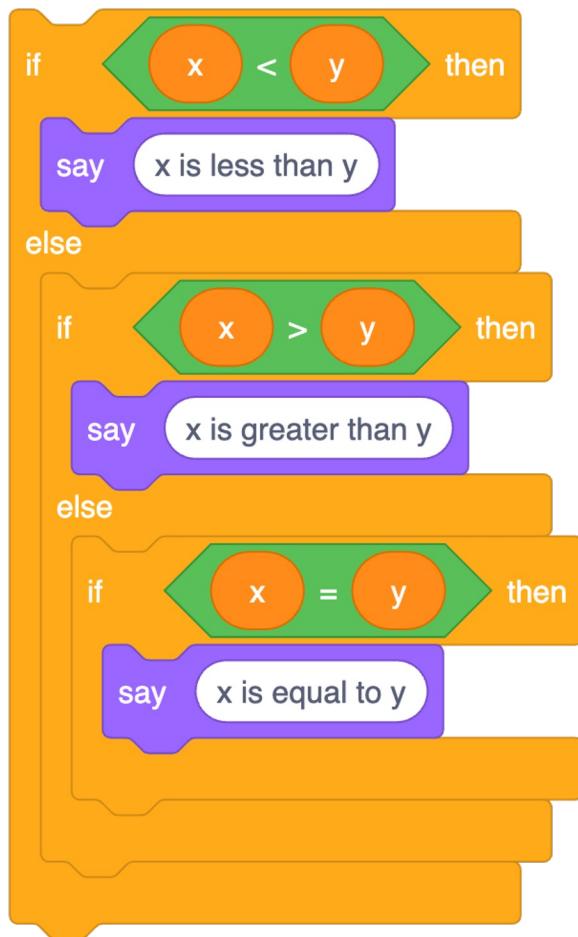


```
if (x < y)
{
}
else
{
}
```

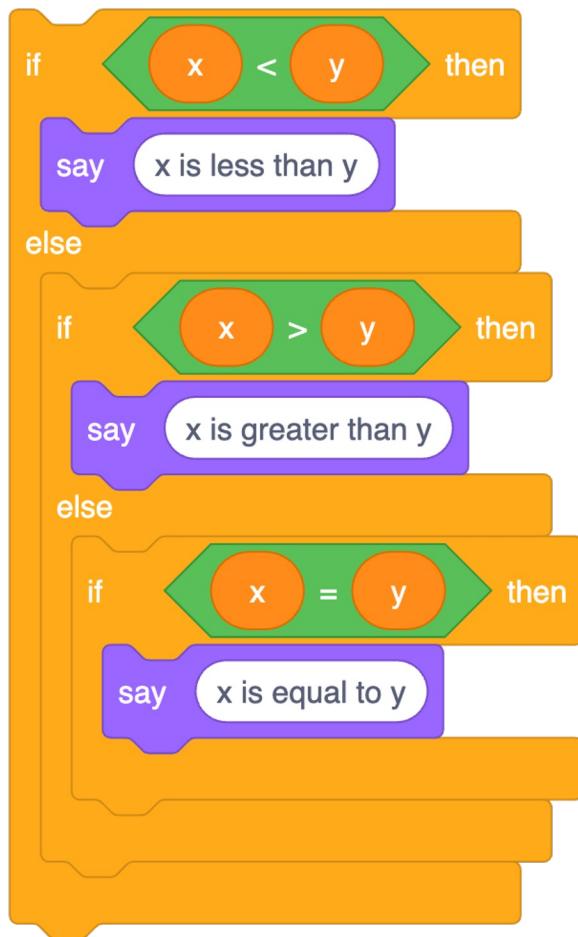


```
if (x < y)
{
    printf("x is less than y\n");
}
else
{
    printf("x is not less than y\n");
}
```

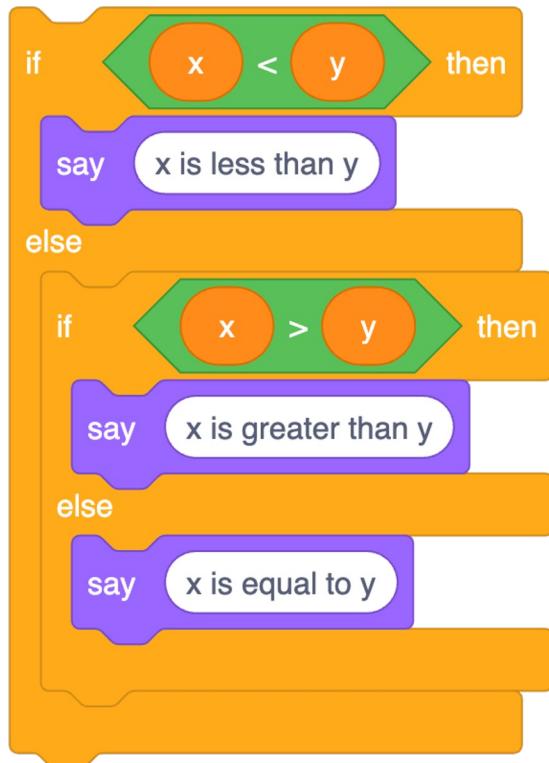
```
if < x < y then  
    say x is less than y  
else  
    if > x > y then  
        say x is greater than y  
    else  
        if = x = y then  
            say x is equal to y
```



```
if (x < y)
{
}
else if (x > y)
{
}
else if (x == y)
{
}
```

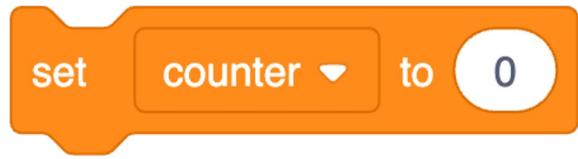


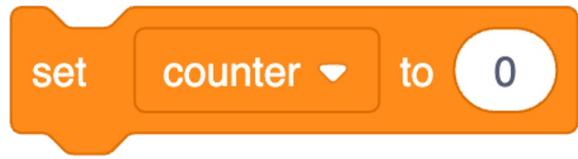
```
if (x < y)
{
    printf("x is less than y\n");
}
else if (x > y)
{
    printf("x is greater than y\n");
}
else if (x == y)
{
    printf("x is equal to y\n");
}
```



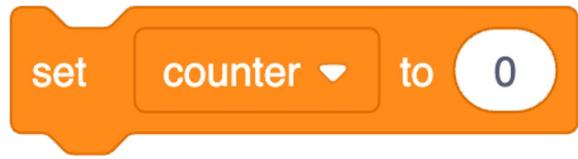
```
if (x < y)
{
    printf("x is less than y\n");
}
else if (x > y)
{
    printf("x is greater than y\n");
}
else
{
    printf("x is equal to y\n");
}
```

Variablen

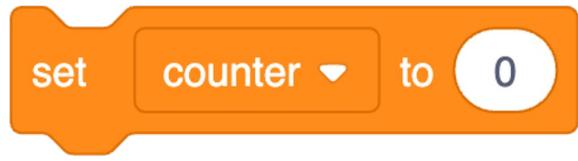




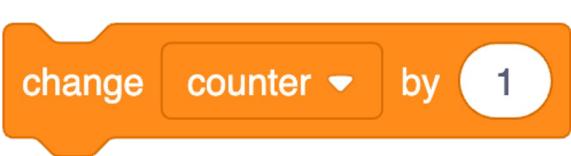
counter = 0

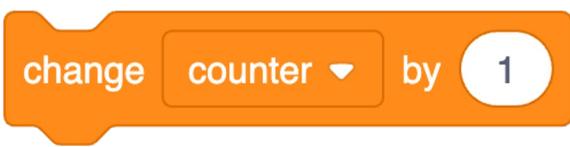


```
int counter = 0
```

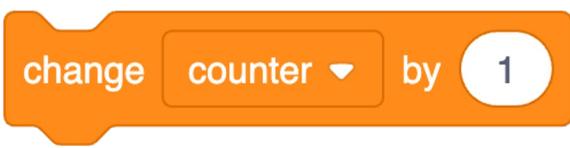


```
int counter = 0;
```

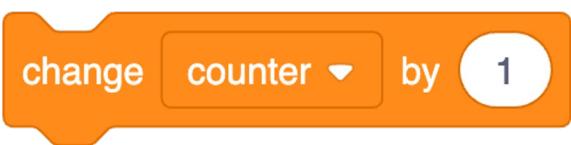




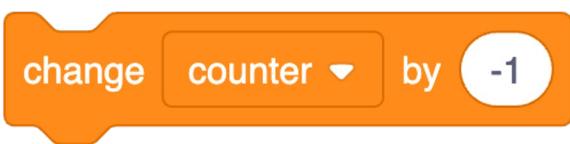
```
counter = counter + 1;
```



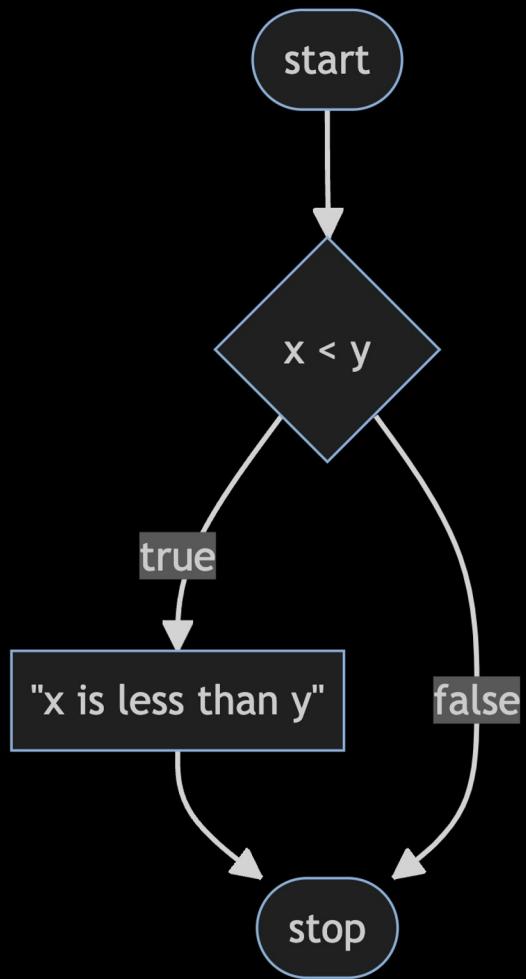
```
counter += 1;
```

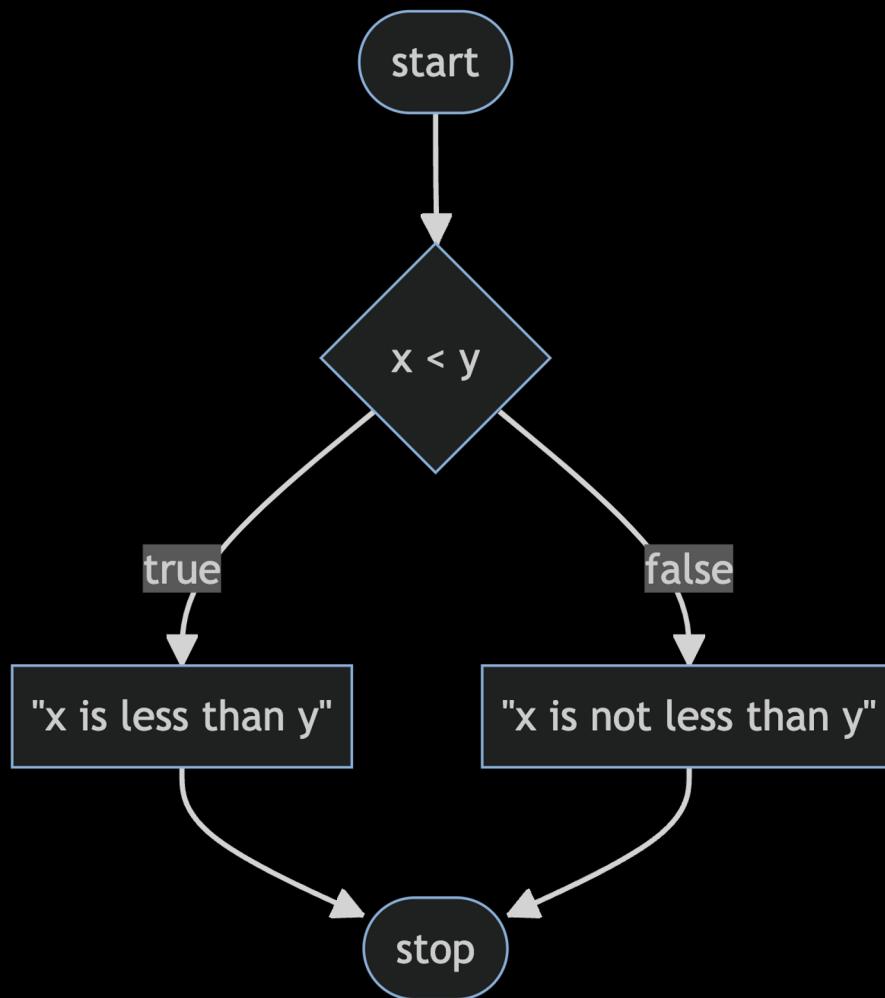


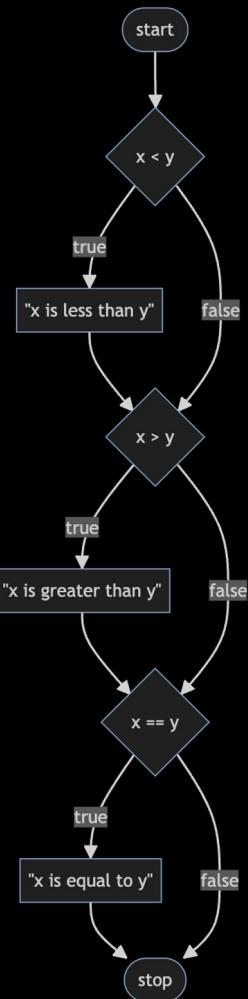
```
counter++;
```

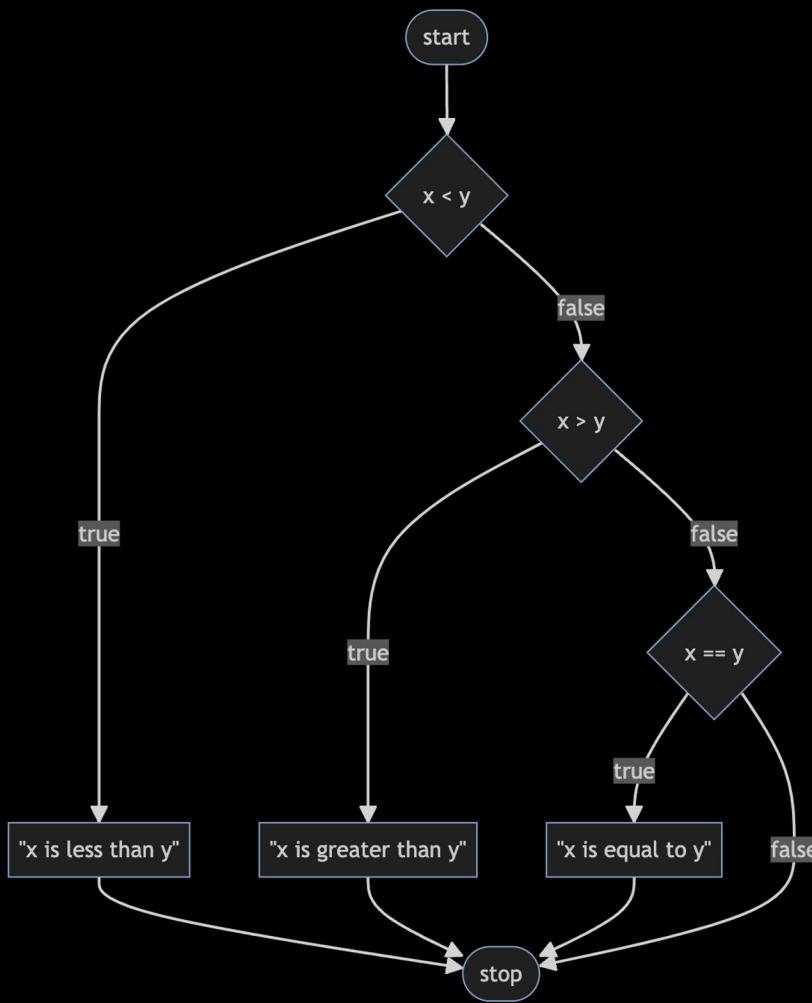


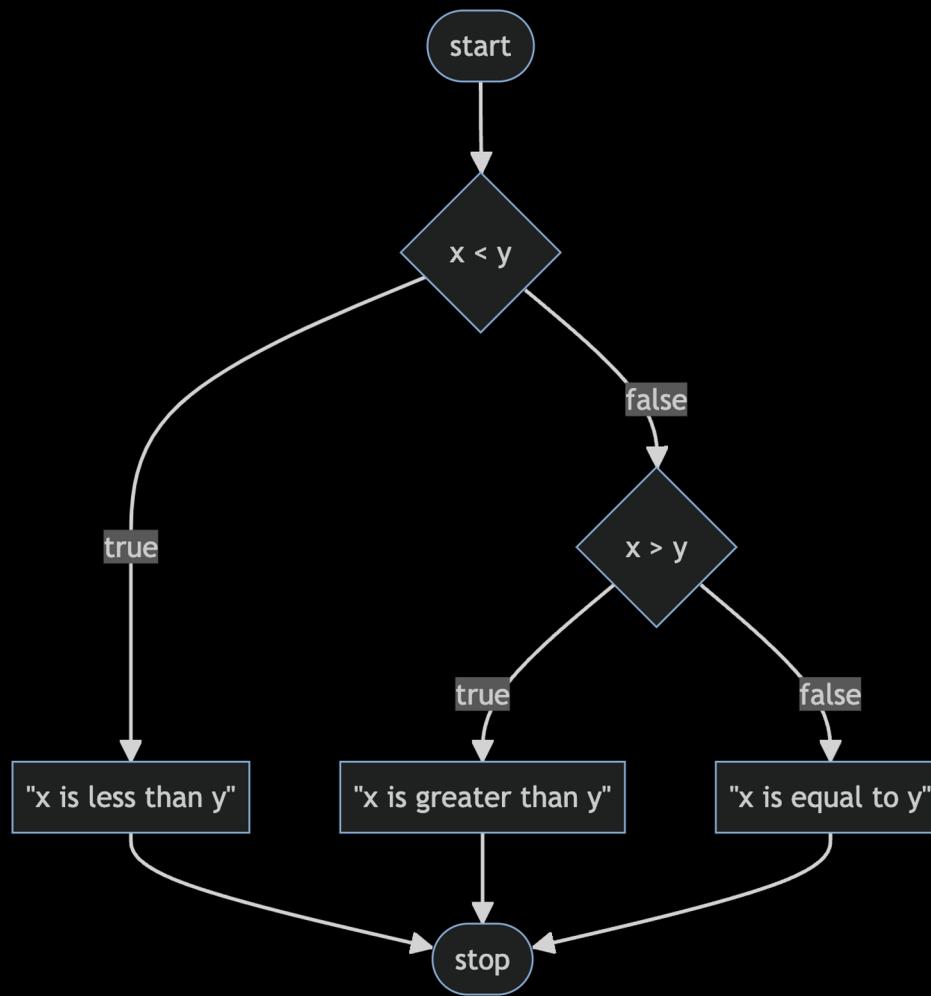
```
counter--;
```











`bool`

`char`

`double`

`float`

`int`

`long`

`string`

`...`

`bool`

`char`

`double`

`float`

`int`

`long`

`string`

`...`

get_char

get_double

get_float

get_int

get_long

get_string

...

Schleifen





```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



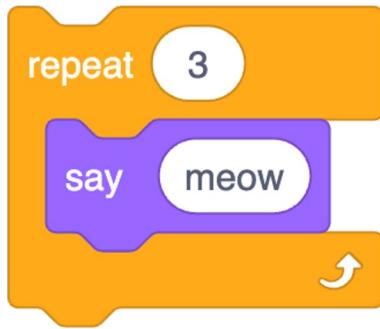
```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int counter = 3;
while (counter > 0)
{
    printf("meow\n");
    counter = counter - 1;
}
```



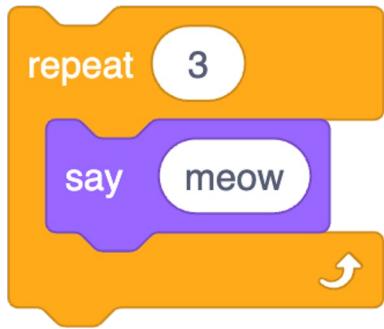
```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



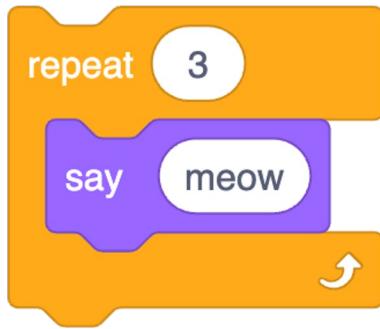
```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



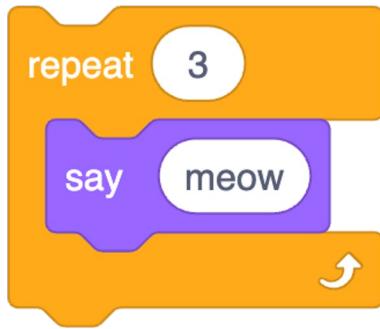
```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



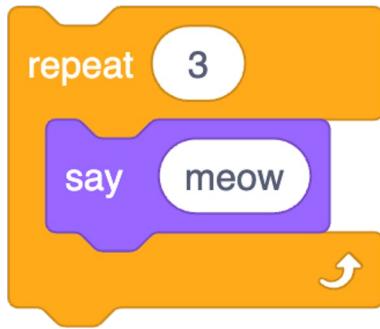
```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int counter = 3;  
while (counter > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    counter = counter - 1;  
}
```



```
int i = 3;
while (i > 0)
{
    printf("meow\n");
    i = i - 1;
}
```



```
int i = 3;  
while (i > 0)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    i -= 1;  
}
```



```
int i = 3;
while (i > 0)
{
    printf("meow\n");
    i--;
}
```



```
int i = 1;  
while (i <= 3)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    i++;  
}
```



```
int i = 0;  
while (i < 3)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
    i++;  
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
    printf("meow\n");
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
    printf("meow\n");
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
    printf("meow\n");
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
}
```



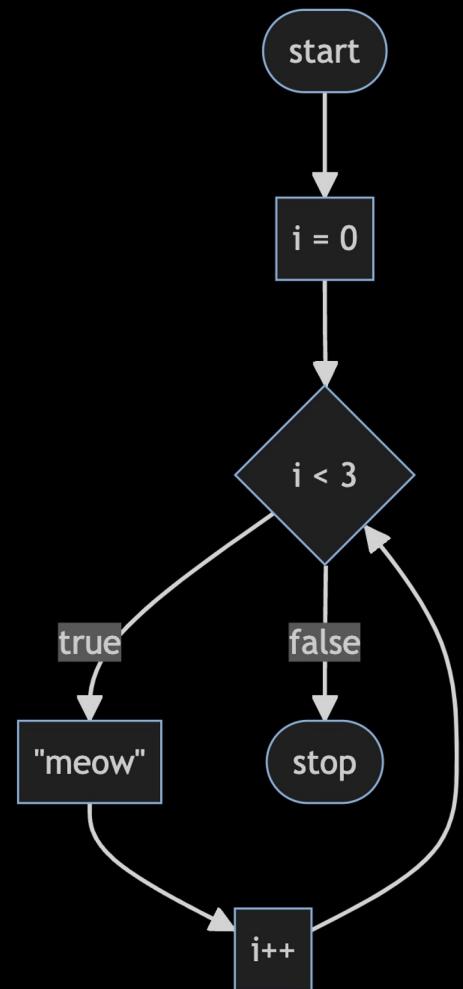
```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\\n");  
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
    printf("meow\n");
}
```



```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
{  
    printf("meow\n");  
}
```







```
while ( )  
{  
}  
}
```



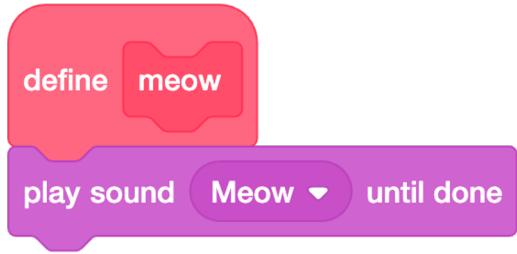
```
while (true)
{
}
```



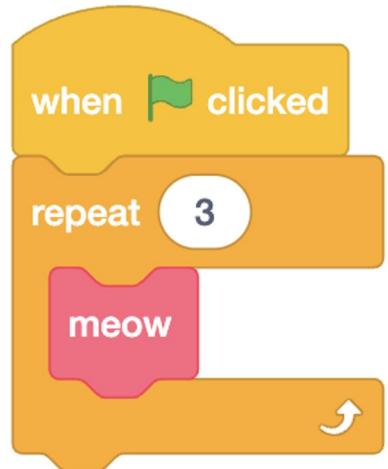
```
while (true)
{
    printf("meow\n");
}
```

define meow

play sound Meow until done

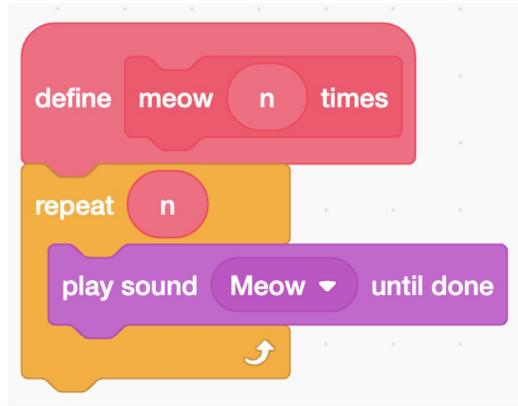


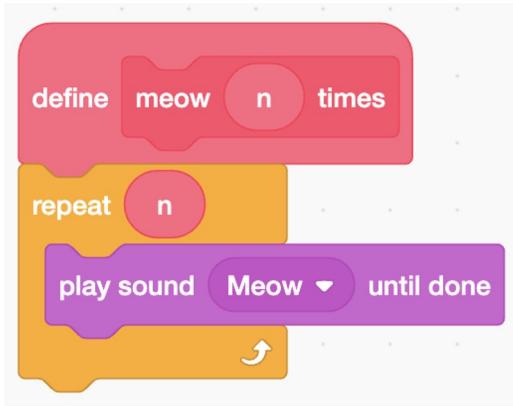
```
void meow(void)
{
    printf("meow\n");
}
```



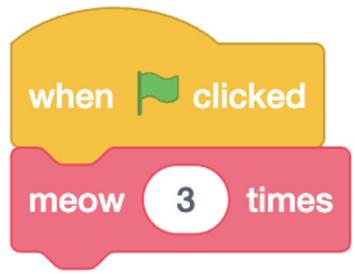


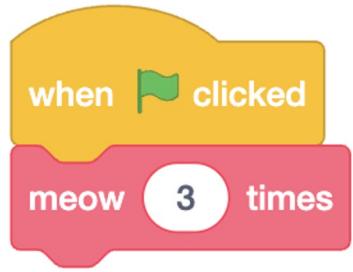
```
int main(void)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
    {
        meow();
    }
}
```





```
void meow(int n)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("meow\n");
    }
}
```





```
int main(void)
{
    meow(3);
}
```

Argumente →

Funktion

→ Seiteneffekte

Argumente →

Funktion

→ Rückgabewert

+

-

*

/

%

Scope

Linux

graphical user interface

GUI



EXPLORER

...



...



HELLO [CODESPACES]

hello.c



...



> OUTLINE

> TIMELINE

hello.c X

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5     printf("hello, world\n");
6 }
```

TERMINAL

+ ✓ □ ✖ ⌂ ⌃ ×

\$ make hello█

EXPLORER

...

...

▽ HELLO [CODESPACES]

hello.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main(void)
4 {
5     printf("hello, world\n");
6 }
```

TERMINAL

+ ▾ □ ✖ ⌂ ⌃ ×

```
$ make hello
```



...



> OUTLINE

> TIMELINE

Kommandozeilen-Interface

CLI

cd

cp

ls

mkdir

mv

rm

rmdir

...

FPS : 46.04 . RFPS : 46.04

MARIO
OOOOOO

OOOO

WORLD
1-1

TIME

SUPER MARIO BROS.

©1985 NINTENDO



1 PLAYER GAME

2 PLAYER GAME

TOP - OOOOOO

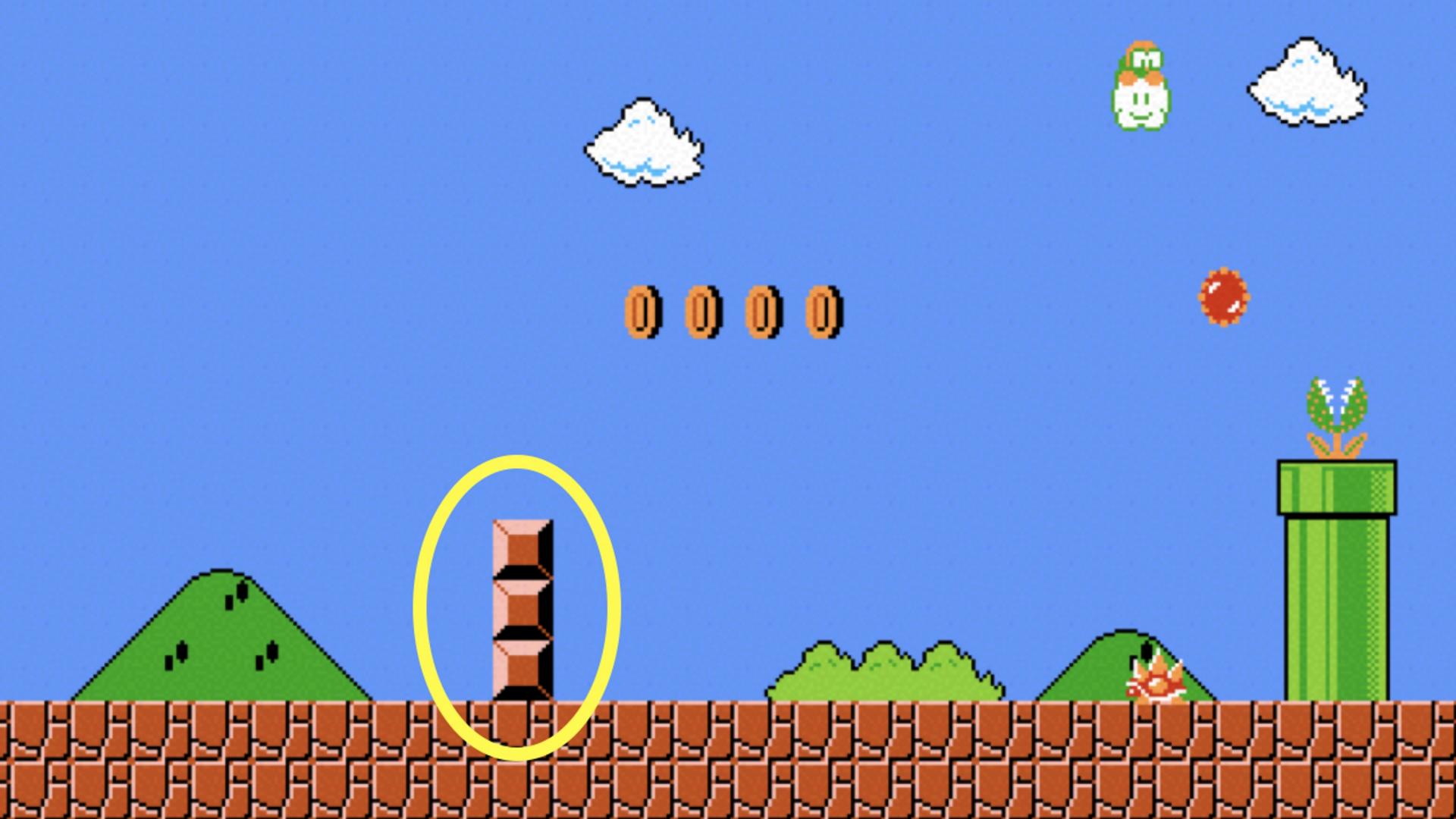




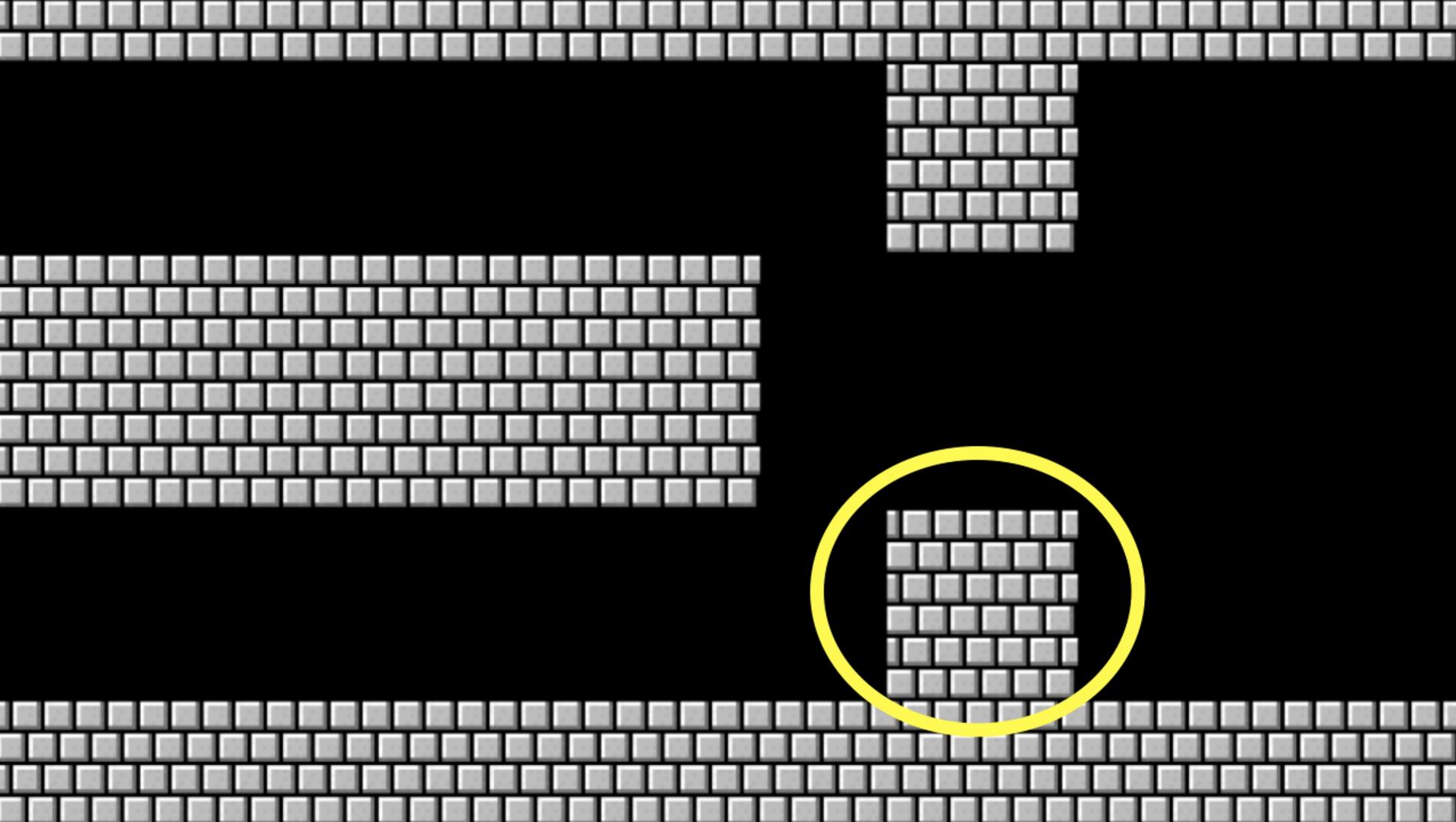
?????

A row of five question mark blocks arranged horizontally, located in the lower right quadrant of the screen.

?????



0 0 0 0



Konstanten

Kommentare



0000

0001

0010

0011

0100

0101

0110

0111

1000

Integer-Überlauf

000

4294967295

2147483647

-2147483648

`bool`

`char`

`double`

`float`

`int`

`long`

`string`

`...`

`bool`

`char`

`double`

`float`

`int`

`long`

`string`

`...`

get_char

get_double

get_float

get_int

get_long

get_string

...

get_char

get_double

get_float

get_int

get_long

get_string

...

%c

%f

%i

%li

%s

%c

%f

%i

%li

%s

Truncation

Type-Casting

Fließkomma-Ungenauigkeit

1999

1999

1900

19 January 2038

13 December 1901

HIGH SCORE

00



Using MAME to warp to level 256, the split screen is shown.

874800

HIGH SCORE
874800



レース

BONUS
3700

$$10 \times (\text{level} + 4)$$



Korrektheit, Design, Stil

This is CS50

Dies war Inf-Einf-B.